Adopted Levels, Gammas

History

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Full Evaluation Ninel Nica, John Cameron and Balraj Singh NDS 113, 1 (2012) 31-Dec-2011

 $Q(\beta^{-}) = -2.18 \times 10^{4} \text{ SY}; \text{ S(n)} = 1.931 \times 10^{4} \text{ SY}; \text{ S(p)} = 2.57 \times 10^{3} \text{ 4}; \text{ } Q(\alpha) = -6.68 \times 10^{3} \text{ 4}$ 2012Wa38

Note: Current evaluation has used the following Q record.

Estimated $\Delta S(n)=200$ (2011AuZZ).

 $Q(\varepsilon p) = 9307 \ 40, \ S(2n) = 36445 \ 301 \ (syst), \ S(2p) = 2652 \ 40 \ (2011AuZZ).$

Values in 2003Au03: S(n)=19110 200 (syst), S(p)=2560 40, Q(α)=-6660 40, S(2n)=35740 300 (syst), S(2p)=2640 40, Q(ϵ p)=9320 40

 $S(n)=19310 SY; S(p)=2567 40; Q(\alpha)=-6676 40$ 2011AuZZ

1977Tr03: First report on ³⁶Ca nuclide from mass excess in reaction: ⁴⁰Ca(⁴He, ⁸He), deduced mass excess.

1981Ay01: First identification of this nuclide in reaction: ⁴⁰Ca(³He,α3n) at 95 MeV. Measured delayed proton decay and isotopic half-life; Berkeley cyclotron facility and recoil-atom mass analyzer.

1995Ga16: ³⁶Ca produced using a radioactive ion beam from ISOLDE online isotope separator with a Ti target at CERN, measured delayed proton decay of ³⁶Ca.

1997Tr05, 1995Tr02: ³⁶Ca produced by fragmentation of ⁴⁰Ca beam with a ⁹Be target at 300 MeV/nucleon beam energy, fragments separated using FRS facility at GSI. Measured delayed proton branches and isotopic half-life.

2001Lo11: ³⁶Ca produced by fragmentation of ⁴⁰Ca beam at 95 MeV/ nucleon with Ni target, fragments separated with LISE3 spectrometer at GANIL facility. Measured delayed proton branches.

2007Do11, 2007Bu15: ⁹Be(³⁷Ca,Χγ) one-neutron knockout reaction (GSA and GANIL), identification of first 2⁺ state.

Additional information 1.

³⁶Ca Levels

Cross Reference (XREF) Flags

A ${}^{9}\text{Be}({}^{37}\text{Ca,X}\gamma)$

B $C(^{38}Ca, 2n\gamma), H(^{38}Ca, 2n\gamma)$

 40 Ca(4 He, 8 He)

E(level)	${ m J}^{\pi}$	T _{1/2}	XREF	Comments
0	0+	101.2 ms 20	ABC	%ε+% β^+ =100; %εp=51.2 10 (2007Do11) %εp: from 2007Do11. Others: 54.3% 15 (2001Lo11) is an earlier measurement from
				GANIL, same lab as 2007Do17, 57% 5 (or 14) (1997Tr05,1995Tr02), \approx 20 (1981Ay01).
				$T_{1/2}$: from timing of β (proton) correlated events. Weighted average of 100.1 ms 23 (2007Do17) and 102 ms 2 (1995Tr02,1997Tr05). Other: 100 ms +90-40 (1981Ay01).
3045.0 <i>24</i>	(2^{+})		AB	J^{π} : from systematics and shell model calculations.
				E(level): from mirror energy difference $\Delta E_M = E(^{36}Ca) - E(^{36}S) = -246$ 3 for the first excited 2 ⁺ states in ^{36}Ca and ^{36}S . The energy of the 2 ⁺ excited state in ^{36}S is at 3291 keV from Adopted Levels. 2007Do11 interpret this large ΔE_M value in terms of detailed shell-model calculations using ^{16}O core, the <i>sd</i> shell isospin symmetric interaction, and experimental single particle energies from ^{17}O and ^{17}F .

 $^{^{36}}$ Sc nuclide which can possibly decay by β to 36 Ca is not yet identified.

³⁷Sc nuclide which can possibly decay by protons to ³⁶Ca is not yet identified.

³⁷Ti nuclide which can possibly decay by β -delayed protons to ³⁶Ca is not yet identified.

³⁸Ti nuclide which will most likely decay by two-proton emission to ³⁶Ca is not yet identified but its search and upper limit of 120 ns for half-life has been reported by 1996Bl21.

Adopted Levels, Gammas (continued)

γ (³⁶Ca)

 $\frac{J_i^{\pi}}{(2^+)} \quad \frac{E_{\gamma}}{3045.0} \quad \frac{E_f}{2^4} \quad \frac{J_f^{\pi}}{0} \quad \frac{Comments}{E_{\gamma}: \text{ from C,H($^{38}\text{Ca,2n}\gamma$) (2009AmZZ)}}. \text{ Others: 3015 } \textit{16 (2007Do11), 3036 } \textit{11}$

Adopted Levels, Gammas

Level Scheme

